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A COMPARISON OF TRACE CONTAMINANTS
IN DISEASED FISHES FROM THREE AREAS

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ABSTRACT

Fin erosion diseases in flatfishes collected off southern California, in Puget Sound, and in the New York region, appeared to be related to the discharge of toxic wastes. To narrow the range of possible causative agents, trace contaminant concentrations were measured in fishes with eroded fins and compared to levels in apparently normal specimens from the same areas and from control areas. Patterns in the three regions were then compared. Sediment properties were also studied. The species investigated were the Dover sole (Microstomus pacificus), the starry flounder (Platichthys stellatus), and the winter flounder (Pseudopleuronectes americanus).

Levels of total PCB in the tissues of fishes with eroded fins from the three regions were similar--median muscle levels differed by less than a factor of ten; median liver concentrations, by less than a factor of five; and brain levels were not statistically different. Levels of total DDT differed by two to three orders of magnitude. There were no apparent patterns in metals accumulation or depression in fish tissue that were common to all three regions. In all three species, changes in liver size and/or fat content were present in specimens collected in areas receiving toxic wastes.

Keywords: fin erosion, flatfishes, chlorinated hydrocarbons, metals, liver size and total lipids, California, Washington, New York.

APPENDIX I

Analytical Techniques

Chlorinated Hydrocarbons

SEDIMENTS. The sample was first dried in an oven at about 60°C. Then 5 to 30g of sediment were weighed into a cellulose thimble and placed into a Soxhlet extraction apparatus. The Soxhlet flask was charged with 200ml of hexane and the extraction was run for an 18-hour period. The extract was then cleaned-up using a Florisil column prior to concentration and injection.

ORGANISMS. Approximately 0.2 to 10g of tissue were homogenized in a small blender and weighed into a beaker. The homogenate was covered with 20ml of acetonitrile and the mixture ground with a high speed blender for about 1 min. The blade was rinsed twice with 20ml of acetonitrile. This rinsing solution was added to the beaker with the sample, and then decanted and passed through filter paper into a 500ml separatory funnel. The sample was rinsed 3 times with 20ml of acetonitrile and the rinse decanted into the 500ml separatory funnel with the other acetonitrile extract. Estimating that the tissue was 80% water, deionized water was added to the funnel to make a total of 12ml water in the mixture; 50ml of hexane were then added. The separatory funnel was shaken for a period of 1 min and the two layers were allowed to separate; the hexane (upper) layer was then collected. Extraction of the acetonitrile fraction was repeated twice with 50ml of hexane, and the resulting hexane extracts were combined.

FLORISIL CLEAN-UP COLUMN. The hexane extracts were concentrated and cleaned up on a Florisil column. The Florisil (MCB, FX 284) was activated at 700°C for 4 hrs and stored under hexane in the dark until use.

The Florisil was then packed in the column (22mm ID) to a height of 8cm and covered with 1cm of anhydrous granular sodium sulfate. After a sample was placed on the column, it was eluted with 45ml of 6 percent diethyl ether in hexane (by volume).

INSTRUMENTATION. The samples were injected into a gas chromatograph with a ^{63}Ni electron-capture detector with the following parameters: nitrogen carrier gas with a flow rate of 20ml/min and 60ml/min detector purge; injector, column, and detector temperatures for DDT's and PCB's of 235^0 , 200^0 , and 280^0 C, respectively (HCB determinations were run with a column temperature of 150^0C); glass columns, 6mm O.D., 2mm I.D.; and 1.83m(6ft) long, packed with 1.5 percent OV-17 and 1.95 percent QF-1 on 80/100 mesh gas chrom Q. Calculations were made by comparison of sample peak heights to the peak heights of standards.

In some cases, because of interference, samples were saponified. In saponified samples, DDT is converted to DDE, and DDD to DDMU. DDMU is not included in total DDT numbers.

Concentrations were corrected for florisil extraction efficiency, blanks, and hexane extraction efficiency.

Metals (from Young et al. 1977)

OPTICAL EMISSION SPECTROSCOPY. Over the past decade, a specialized optical emission spectrometer system has been developed by G. Alexander at the Laboratory of Nuclear Medicine (University of California at Los Angeles) to determine the levels of stable elements present in dry biological tissue. The heart of the system is an optical emission spectrometer covering the wavelength range of 210nm to 670nm and having a reciprocal linear dispersion of 0.68mm/mm. Forty-four detector units are

arranged on the focal circle of this instrument. Each detector is comprised of a secondary slit, a mirror to focus this slit image on the cathode of a photomultiplier tube and an interference filter to eliminate unwanted scattered light originating from the grating of the spectrometer.

In order to carry out the analysis, the sample must be volatilized, the resulting molecules dissociate into atoms, and these atoms are excited by means of an electrical discharge to give off the characteristic optical spectra for the elements present within the tissue. To accomplish this, a crater electrode with a 1.9mm diameter stem is used. Five to fifteen milligrams of freeze-dried sample are weighed into the crater. No additional materials are added to the sample. A 12.5 ampere D.C. arc is drawn between the electrodes to volatilize the sample and excite the elements. During this process, each detector charges a capacitor at a rate proportional to the intensity of the light received. Thus, when the sample has been consumed, each capacitor is charged to a voltage proportional to the total intensity received by the detector. By relatively simple calculations, the electrode background can be subtracted from each signal and a net intensity derived.

By suitable standardization, these net intensities can be converted into concentrations. In this system, the total intensities are automatically transferred to IBM cards and then processed by means of an IBM 360-91 computer to concentrations.

ATOMIC ABSORPTION SPECTROSCOPY. At the Southern California Coastal Water Research Project Laboratory, biological samples are digested in the wet state and then analyzed for trace metals utilizing a Varian Techtron AA6 atomic absorption spectrometer. First, 0.2 - 2 wet grams of each tissue sample are digested in 10ml of a 1:1 nitric acid solution

(redistilled by G. Frederick Smith Chem. Co.) until the remaining volume is about 2ml. After this procedure is repeated once, the final residue is boiled with 20ml of 1:9 hydrochloric acid solution for 15 min and then filtered through an acid-washed Whatman No. 40 filter. The filtrate is then diluted to an appropriate volume for analysis. Silver, cadmium, chromium, copper, nickel, and lead are measured by injecting 2.5µl of sample into the graphite furnace of the AA6. Zinc levels are determined by aspirating the sample into an air-acetylene flame. Process blanks are analyzed with each set of samples. The concentration of target trace metals are determined from corresponding standard curves. The experimental conditions of the spectrophotometer are given below:

GENERAL INSTRUMENT PARAMETERS:

Element	Wave Length nm	Lamp Current mA	S.B.P. nm
Ag	328.1	3	0.5
Cd	228.8	3	0.5
Cr	357.9	5	0.2
Cu	324.7	3	0.5
Ni	232.0	5	0.2
Pb	217.0	5	1.0
Zn	213.9	5	0.5

Atomizer Settings:

	Voltage	Time (second)
Dry	2-3	50
Ash	4.5-6.0	20
Atomize Ag	6.5	2
Cd	7.0	2
Cr	7.0	2
Cu	7.0	2
Ni	7.5	2
Pb	6.0	2

Flame Conditions:

	Supply Pressure	Flow Meter
Air	50 psi	3.0
Acetylene	10 psi	2.0

OES-AAS INTERCALIBRATION

To evaluate the utility of optical emission spectroscopy D. Young, et al. (1977), conducted an intercalibration program between the OES laboratory at UCLA and the Project's AAS laboratory. Replicate specimens of five fish species were sampled for the edible white muscle tissue, and gonadal and liver tissue. These thirty samples were lyophilized (freeze-dried) overnight, and 10 dry mg of each was analyzed by OES, while approximately 1 dry gm was analyzed by AAS. The results of the intercalibration study indicate that of the seven metals compared in the samples four (Cd, Cr, Ni, and Pb) generally were not quantifiable by the OES technique. The OES lower limit levels are close to the levels normally present in fish tissue.

For the other three (Ag, Cu, and Zn), the median ratios of concentrations determined by OES and AAS for the 10 comparisons in each tissue class are shown below:

Median Ratios: OES/AAS

<u>Tissue</u>	<u>Ag</u>	<u>Cu</u>	<u>Zn</u>
Muscle	6.0	1.25	0.84
Gonad	2.8	1.12	0.78
Liver	2.8	1.18	0.48

These results indicate generally satisfactory agreement, on the average, between the two methods for Cu and Zn in these tissues (with the possible exception of the factor-of-two discrepancy for Zn in liver). It appears that there is a distinct bias between the methods in the case of Ag, with the OES method yielding values 3-6 times those of the AAS method, on the average. The reason for this difference is not known, but two obvious potential causes are spectral interference in the OES analyses for Ag, or loss of this metal during acid digestion of the sample prior to analysis by AAS.

APPENDIX 2.

Description of Specimens

Specimen No.	mm SL	mm TL	Weight (g)	Sex	Probable Age	% Dorsal Fin Eroded
DOVER SOLE						
1.	184	221	95.6	F	4	
2.	181	217	99.9	M	4	
Dana	3	185	220	F	3	
Point	4	181	211	M	4	
	5	185	222	M	4	
Nov 18	6	180	216	F	4	
1976	7	186	221	F	6	
	8	176	207	M	4	
	9	166	197	F	4	
	10	186	221	M	4	
	11	192	229	M	5	
	12	177	209	F	4	
	13	181	218	F	4	
	14	185	222	F	4	
Palos	15	172	204	F	3	
Verdes	16	189	224	M	4	
	17	185	223	M	4	
Nov 5	18	177	212	M	3	
1976	19	183	217	F	4	
	20	161	193	F	3	
	21	168	200	M	6	
	22	182	219	M	5	
	23	179	209	F	4	
	24	162	193	M	3	
	25	186	221	M	3	76
	26	165	198	F	4	42
Palos	27	183	224	F	4	23
Verdes	28	180	211	F	4	24
	29	187	226	F	4	73
Nov 5	30	171	204	M	3	83
1976	31	190	234	F	4	94
	32	178	213	M	4	53
	33	174	215	M	4	24
	34	179	215	F	4	13
	35	174	208	M	4	10
	36	175	208	M	4	83

Specimen No.	mm SL	mm TL	Weight (g)	Sex	Probable Age	Fin Disease
STARRY FOUNDER	37	232	242.0	M	3	
	38	223	266.6	F	4	
	39	236	284.2	M	3	
	40	202	203.7	F	3	
McCalister Creek	41	216	224.8	F	4	
	42	194	139.6	M	2	
	43	210	163.9	F	2	
	44	195	181.1	F	2	
30 March 1977	45	201	194.1	F	3	
	46	212	200.5	F	2	
	47	184	144.5	M	2	
	48	211	165.4	M	3	
Duwamish River	49	181	154.2	F	4	
	50	179	151.2	F	2	
	51	179	138.2	F	3	
	52	184	153.2	M	3	
25 March 15 April 1977	53	188	168.5	F	2	
	54	159	99.0	F	3	
	55	159	102.0	F	3	
	56	164	114.1	M	3	
Duwamish River	57	179	115.6	F	2	
	58	157	93.3	F	3	
	59	152	82.5	M	2	
	60	155	87.7	M	2	
Duwamish River	61	210	235.2	F	4	✓
	62	172	115.9	M	6	✓
	63	140	61.8	M	2	✓
	64	183	162.1	F	2	✓
25 March 15 April 1977	65	182	126.7	F	3	✓
	66	161	100.0	F	2	✓
	67	158	93.1	F	4	✓
	68	166	112.8	F	3	✓
Duwamish River	69	163	114.6	M	2	✓
	70	159	94.8	F	4	✓
	71	146	79.4	M	3	✓
	72	148	64.8	M	5	✓

Specimen No.	mm SL	mm TL	Weight (g)	Sex	Probable Age	Fin Disease
WINTER FLOUNDER	73	220	271	M	2	
	74	219	268	F	2	
	75	239	288	F	2	
Great Bay, N.J.	76	243	295	M	3	
	77	236	284	M	2	
	78	247	298	M	4	
March 1977	79	240	299	M	3	
	80	232	292	M	3	
	81	235	296	M	2	
Sandy Hook/ Raritan Bay	82	245	306	M	3	
	83	245	296	F	3	
	84	250	306	F	3	
June 1977	85	191	231	F	2	
	86	181	224	M	2	
	87	179	218	F	2	
Sandy Hook/ Raritan Bay	88	199	255	F	3	
	89	192	237	F	2	
	90	210	262	F	2	
Sandy Hook/ Raritan Bay	91	172	213	M	2	
	92	185	234	F	2	
	93	165	198	M	2	
Apex dump area	94	176	218	M	2	
	95	198	247	F	2	
	96	227	285	F	3	
June 1977	97	193	250	F	2	✓
	98	195	250	M	3	✓
	99	173	215	M	2	✓
Apex dump area	100	188	233	F	2	✓
	101	158	203	M	2	✓
	102	193	246	M	2	✓
Oct. 1977	103	176	221	M	2	✓
	104	221	269	F	3	✓
	105	170	185	M	2	✓
Oct. 1977	106	230	278	F	2	✓
	107	209	257	M	2	✓
	108	159	199	F	3	✓
Apex dump area	109	176	217	F	2	
	110	160	201	M	2	
	111	173	216	F	2	
Oct. 1977	112	176	214	F	2	
	113	170	211	M	2	
	114	171	210	F	2	
Oct. 1977	115	169	209	M	2	
	116	160	196	F	2	
	117	170	210	M	2	
Oct. 1977	118	182	220	M	2	

Specimen No.	mm SL	mm TL	Weight (g)	Sex	Probable Age	Fin Disease
WINTER FLOUNDER						
	119	172	210	149.4	M	2
Apex	120	175	214	131.7	F	2
Oct-	121	185	225	138.8	F	2
1977	122	189	222	141.7	F	2
	123	172	208	123.2	F	2

APPENDIX 3

Trace Metal Analyses by Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy

Specimen No.	Ag	Cd	Cr	Cu	Ni	Pb	Zn
LIVER ($\mu\text{g/g}$ wet weight)							
Dover Sole:							
3	0.103	1.14	0.051	2.13	<0.20	0.253	26.1
5	0.122	0.603	<0.034	2.48	<0.15	1.30	23.1
6	0.074	0.613	<0.039	2.82	<0.16	0.315	16.5
8	0.153	1.07	0.126	1.58	<0.29	0.438	23.0
11	0.093	1.40	0.062	1.95	<0.13	<0.098	20.1
12	0.060	0.428	0.079	2.97	<0.32	1.05	43.6
28	0.128	0.661	0.196	4.35	<0.07	<0.059	26.8
29	0.097	0.768	0.204	3.19	<0.05	<0.044	24.0
31	0.246	1.05	0.582	8.27	<0.16	0.471	40.2
32	0.098	0.369	0.171	3.55	<0.08	0.138	30.9
34	0.091	0.342	0.205	1.90	<0.07	0.154	26.2
35	0.129	0.257	0.229	4.13	<0.08	0.152	24.7
Starry Flounder							
37	0.055	0.830	0.049	7.03	<0.07	0.146	32.3
41	0.032	0.720	0.024	4.69	<0.06	0.096	25.4
44	0.066	0.167	0.041	8.56	<0.10	0.153	39.0
45	0.139	0.417	0.194	5.94	<0.19	0.353	41.5
46	0.080	0.458	0.036	15.1	<0.05	0.140	42.3
48	0.069	0.605	0.106	4.79	<0.08	0.141	31.1
65	0.165	0.151	<0.020	3.65	<0.12	0.205	30.7
66	0.135	0.225	0.040	1.82	<0.09	0.189	31.4
67	0.076	0.337	0.050	4.33	<0.07	0.144	26.9
68	0.108	0.164	<0.023	4.59	<0.10	0.245	24.2
70	0.144	0.142	0.041	4.48	<0.10	0.293	24.4
71	0.131	0.066	0.044	4.41	<0.14	0.233	27.5
MUSCLE (Ag, Cd, Cr, Cu, Ni, Pb in ng/g and Zn in $\mu\text{g/g}$ wet weight)							
Dover Sole							
3	<5	2	9	74	<43	<70	2.11
5	<6	3	21	67	<43	<78	1.84
6	<5	<2	<12	58	<43	<86	1.98
8	<5	9	12	87	<37	<77	2.00
11	<7	<2	14	81	<47	<73	1.85
12	<5	10	<10	52	<39	<87	1.72
28	<5	3	13	103	<36	<78	2.39
29	<5	4	<8	58	<32	<71	2.03
31	<5	15	14	67	<36	<73	1.90
32	<5	<2	18	100	<26	<73	2.42
34	<6	<2	<9	73	<43	<80	2.05
35	<5	9	8	84	<30	<69	2.15

Specimen No.	Ag	Cd	Cr	Cu	Ni	Pb	Zn
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MUSCLE (Ag, Cd, Cr, Cu, Ni, Pb in ng/g and Zn in μ g/g wet weight)

Starry Flounder

37	< 6	12	14	237	<47	<78	3.89
41	< 5	132	<9	104	<44	<83	3.19
44	< 6	11	<9	201	<42	<78	3.60
45	< 5	<2	<9	129	<35	<78	2.90
46	< 5	3	<8	142	<31	<68	4.35
48	< 5	3	<8	174	<30	<70	3.27
65	< 5	<2	<9	159	<33	<76	4.18
66	< 5	<2	11	115	<44	<85	3.68
67	< 5	<2	15	191	<41	<88	3.14
68	< 5	3	<10	146	<37	<73	3.83
70	< 5	<2	<9	172	<35	<83	3.49
71	< 5	<2	<8	162	<35	<74	3.81

LIVER ($\frac{1}{4}$ g/g wet weight)

Winter Flounder

74	0.265	0.082	<0.018	9.35	<0.069	0.162	35.7
76	0.079	0.081	<0.020	2.37	<0.076	<0.061	26.8
77	0.233	0.076	<0.021	4.61	<0.030	0.149	29.2
80	0.050	0.233	<0.020	2.20	<0.076	<0.061	27.9
81	0.062	0.107	<0.029	1.47	<0.111	<0.089	23.3
84	0.122	0.052	0.047	5.72	<0.090	0.386	32.8
97	0.181	0.148	0.033	3.37	<0.117	<0.094	25.9
98	0.146	0.138	<0.025	3.77	<0.094	<0.076	27.2
100	0.050	0.168	<0.032	2.94	<0.123	<0.099	37.2
101	0.119	0.228	<0.067	4.58	<0.259	0.207	27.4
102	0.231	0.106	<0.027	7.52	<0.104	0.156	34.6
107	0.111	0.089	<0.026	4.41	<0.099	<0.079	26.7
110	0.042	0.024	0.066	1.44	<0.132	<0.105	24.6
113	0.081	<0.010	<0.032	3.61	<0.123	<0.099	28.2
115	0.275	0.037	<0.044	8.20	<0.169	0.214	31.2
116	0.109	0.022	<0.040	4.38	<0.155	<0.124	31.3
117	0.050	0.031	<0.036	2.28	<0.139	<0.111	29.4
120	0.119	0.035	<0.045	6.79	<0.175	<0.140	33.3

MUSCLE ($\frac{1}{4}$ g/g wet weight)

Winter Flounder

74	0.001	0.016	<0.005	0.101	<0.021	<0.024	4.24
76	0.002	0.001	<0.005	0.111	<0.020	<0.023	6.21
77	0.001	<0.001	<0.005	0.108	<0.019	<0.022	5.07

Specimen No.	Ag	Cd	Cr	Cu	Ni	Pb	Zn
80	0.004	0.004	0.023	0.089	<0.023	<0.027	4.45
81	<0.001	0.001	<0.005	0.070	<0.022	<0.025	2.86
84	0.007	<0.001	0.009	0.113	<0.019	<0.022	3.71
97	0.003	<0.001	0.009	0.110	<0.020	<0.023	3.73
98	0.002	<0.001	0.010	0.124	<0.020	<0.023	4.10
100	0.005	0.002	0.011	0.119	<0.023	<0.026	4.29
101	0.004	<0.001	0.011	0.108	<0.021	<0.024	4.02
102	0.005	<0.001	0.019	0.185	<0.020	<0.030	6.48
107	0.013	<0.001	0.005	0.135	<0.019	<0.022	4.50
110	0.001	<0.001	0.006	0.109	<0.020	<0.018	3.47
113	0.004	<0.001	0.017	0.112	<0.021	<0.023	3.77
115	0.002	<0.001	0.009	0.102	<0.021	<0.024	3.58
116	0.001	0.001	0.011	0.115	<0.020	<0.023	3.86
117	0.003	<0.001	0.007	0.113	<0.021	<0.024	4.29
120	<0.001	0.002	<0.005	0.098	<0.020	<0.023	3.50

APPENDIX 4

Chlorinated Hydrocarbons in Fish Tissues

Table 1. Total PCB (mg/kg wet weight) in the muscle tissue of southern California Dover sole, November 1976.

	Dana Point (#1-12)	No Apparent Fin Erosion (#13-24)	Palos Verdes Fin Erosion (#25-36)
	N.D.*	0.95	1.2
	0.006	1.4	0.75
	0.008	2.0	2.4
	0.007	0.83	1.3
	0.019	2.2	1.8
	0.014	0.40	0.55
	0.007	1.2	0.43
	0.016	1.8	0.16
	0.021	0.037	2.0
	0.007	0.10	0.77
	0.006	1.1	0.61
	0.012	1.2	1.5
median	0.008	1.2	0.93
95% confidence limits	0.006 - 0.016	0.40-1.8	0.55 - 1.8
mean		1.1	1.1
standard deviation		0.70	0.69
coefficient of variation		64%	63%
range	<0.001 - 0.021	0.037- 2.2	0.16 - 2.4

* Not detected.

Table 2. Total PCB (mg/kg wet weight) in the liver tissue
of southern California Dover sole, November 1976.

	Dana Point (#1-12)	No Apparent Fin Erosion (#13-24)	Palos Verdes Shelf Fin Erosion (#25-36)
	0.12	26	20
	N.D.*	17	8.7
	0.007	14	56
	0.11	8.8	7.4
	0.083	28	30
	0.019	11	18
	0.013	13	20
	0.036	10	18
	0.059	0.76	37
	0.009	5.5	20
	0.16	18	16
	0.18	22	22
median	0.048	14	20
95% confidence limits	0.009 - 0.12	8.8 - 22	16 - 30
mean		15	23
standard deviation		8.1	13
coefficient of variation		54%	57%
range	N.D. - 0.18	0.76 - 28	7.4 - 56

* Not detected

Table 3. Total PCB (mg/kg wet weight) in the brain tissue of Dover sole (composites of 3 individuals) from southern California, November 1976.

	Dana Point	No Apparent Fin Erosion	Palos Verdes Fin Erosion
	0.025	0.99	1.3
	0.069	0.94	1.0
	0.14	0.67	1.0
	0.055	0.78	0.83
median	0.12	0.86	1.0
mean	0.072	0.84	1.0
standard deviation	0.049	0.15	0.20
coefficient of variation	68%	18%	20%
range	0.025 - 0.14	0.67 - 0.99	0.83 - 1.3

Table 4. Total PCB (mg/kg wet weight) in the muscle tissue of starry flounder from Washington, March - April, 1977.

	McCalister Creek (#37-48)	Duwamish River Estuary No Apparent Fin Disease (#49-60)	Duwamish River Estuary Fin Disease (#61-72)	n 2)
	0.071	0.23	0.16	
	0.009	0.29	0.16	
	0.037	0.21	0.54	
	0.010	0.26	0.22	
	0.043	0.22	0.69	
	0.038	0.19	0.27	
	0.076	0.29	0.71	
	0.016	0.22	0.17	
	0.024	0.27	0.44	
	0.027	0.31	2.1	
	0.012	0.36	0.42	
	0.007	0.46	0.40	
median	0.026	0.26	0.41	
95% confidence limits	0.010 - 0.043	0.22 - 0.31	0.19 - 0.69	
mean	0.031	0.28	0.52	
standard deviation	0.023	0.076	0.53	
coefficient of variation	74%	27%	102%	
range	0.007 - 0.076	0.19 - 0.46	0.16 - 2.1	

Table 6. Total PCB (mg/kg wet weight) in brain tissue
of starry flounder (composites of 3 individuals)
from Washington, March - April 1977.

	McCalister Creek	Duwamish River Estuary
	No Apparent Fin Disease	Fin Disease
	0.29	0.49
	0.27	0.48
	0.19	0.46
	0.056	1.2
median	0.23	0.48
mean	0.20	0.66
standard deviation	0.11	0.36
coefficient of variation	55%	55%
range	0.056 - 0.29	0.46 - 1.2
		0.67 - 3.1

Table 7. Total PCB (mg/kg, wet weight) in muscle tissue of winter flounder from New York, 1977.

Great Bay (# 73-84)	Raritan Bay			Apex area		
	No Apparent Fin Erosion (#85-96)	Fin	Erosion (#97-108)	No Apparent Fin Erosion (#109-120)	Fin Erosion (#121-123)	
0.14	0.076	0.10		0.13	0.093	
0.032	0.074	0.077		0.12	0.079	
0.005	0.11	0.11		0.094	0.11	
0.040	0.10	0.10		0.16		
0.029	0.12	0.14		0.090		
0.047	0.097	0.11		0.15		
0.042	0.083	0.084		0.12		
0.064	0.087	0.073		0.15		
0.051	0.12	0.13		0.10		
0.061	0.085	0.13		0.086		
0.040	0.076	0.14		0.077		
0.036	0.10	0.10		0.062		
Median	0.041	0.092	0.10	0.11	0.093	
95% confidence limits	0.032-0.061	0.076-0.11	0.084-0.13	0.086-0.15		
Mean	0.049	0.094	0.11	0.11		
standard deviation	0.032	0.016	0.023	0.032		
coefficient of variation	65%	17%	21%	29%		
range	0.005-0.14	0.074-0.12	0.073-0.14	0.062-0.16	0.079-0.11	

Table 8. Total PCB (mg/kg wet weight) in the liver tissue of winter flounder from New York 1977.

Great Bay (#73-84)	Raritan Bay			Apex area		
	No Apparent Fin Erosion (#85-96)	Fin Erosion (#97-102)	No Apparent Fin Erosion (#109-120)	Fin Erosion (#121-123)	Fin Erosion (#121-123)	
	2.4	5.9	2.8	6.5	10	
0.68	4.5	1.4	8.9	2.0		
0.74	9.3	-	3.9	2.8		
1.2	5.8	5.1	4.5			
1.2	4.6	2.1	9.3			
0.87	2.3	4.0	6.5			
0.91	9.8	7.4	3.3			
0.78	6.2	4.3	5.6			
0.70	4.2	7.1	3.5			
0.25	9.9	5.4	3.6			
1.3	5.5	3.1	0.48			
1.2	5.7	1.9	2.1			
Median	0.89	5.8	4.2	4.2		2.8
95% confidence limits	0.70-1.2	4.5-9.3	1.9-7.1	3.3-6.5		
Mean	1.0	6.1	4.1	4.8		
standard deviation	0.53	2.4	2.0	2.6		
coefficient variation	53%	39%	49%	54%		
range	0.25-2.4	2.3-9.9	1.4-7.4	0.48-9.3	2.0-10	

Table 9. Total PCB (mg/kg wet weight) in brain tissue of winter flounder from New York, 1977.

	Raritan Bay		Apex area	
	No Fin	Erosion	No Fin	Erosion
Great Bay	Apparent	Fin Erosion	Apparent	Fin Erosion
0.28	0.52	0.46	0.75	0.47
0.035	0.58	2.0	1.1	
0.18	1.6	1.7	0.52	
0.14	0.77	2.0	0.60	
Median	0.16	0.68	1.8	0.68
Mean	0.16	0.87	1.5	0.74
Standard deviation	0.10	0.50	0.73	0.26
coefficient variation	62%	57%	49%	35%
range	0.035-0.28	0.052-1.6	0.46-2.0	0.52-1.1

Table 10. Total DDT (mg/kg wet weight) in the muscle tissue of southern California Dover sole, November 1976.

Dana Point (#1-12)	No Apparent Fin Erosion (#13-24)	Palos Verdes Fin Erosion (#25-36)
N.D.	16	18
0.024	22	9.2
0.043	34	42
0.029	16	17
0.026	34	30
0.043	7.1	8.2
0.017	16	4.8
0.041	26	2.6
0.021	0.86	28
0.013	2.0	16
0.026	19	9.3
0.037	17	23
median	0.026	16
95% confidence limits	0.017 - 0.041	7.1 - 26
		8.2 - 28
mean		17
standard deviation		11
coefficient of variation		65%
range	<0.001 - 0.043	0.86-34
		2.6 - 42

Table 11. Total DDT (mg/kg wet weight) in the liver tissue
of southern California Dover sole, November 1976.

Dana Point (#1-12)	No Apparent Fin Erosion (#13-24)	Palos Verdes Shelf Fin Erosion (#25-36)
1.1	450	310
0.24	280	140
0.38	260	1,100
0.16	190	160
0.42	490	570
0.74	210	250
0.30	200	370
0.22	180	250
0.28	29	660
0.39	130	310
0.86	320	220
0.83	330	430
median	0.38	310
95% confidence limits	0.24 - 0.83	180 - 330 220 - 570
mean	0.49	400
standard deviation	0.31	130
coefficient of variation	63%	50%
range	0.16 - 1.1	29 - 490 140 - 1,100

Table 12. Total DDT (mg/kg wet weight) in the brain tissue of Dover sole (composites of 3 individuals) from southern California, November 1976.

	Dana Point	No Apparent Fin Erosion	Palos Verdes Fin Erosion
	0.16	19	20
	0.21	13	19
	0.17	9.5	19
	0.15	13	17
median	0.16	13	19
mean	0.17	14	19
standard deviation	0.026	3.9	1.3
coefficient of variation	15%	28%	6.8%
range	0.15 - 0.21	9.5 - 20	17 - 20

Table 13. Total DDT (mg/kg wet weight) in the muscle tissue of starry flounder from Washington, March - April 1977.

McCalister Creek (#37-48)	Duwamish River Estuary No Apparent Fin Disease (#49-60)	Fin Disease (#61-72)
0.031	0.026	0.024
< 0.004	0.018	0.023
0.015	0.018	0.061
0.027	0.012	0.021
0.007	0.033	0.023
0.008	0.018	0.038
0.012	0.047	0.14
< 0.004	0.016	0.025
0.008	0.031	0.045
0.012	0.008	0.18
0.008	0.032	0.026
0.005	0.020	0.087
median	0.008	0.019
95% confidence limits	0.005 - 0.015	0.016 - 0.032
mean		0.023
standard deviation		0.011
coefficient of variation		49%
range	< 0.004 - 0.031	0.008 - 0.047
		0.021-0.18

Table 14. Total DDT (mg/kg wet weight) in the liver tissue of starry flounder from Washington, March-April, 1977.

	McCalister Creek (#37-48)	Duwamish River Estuary No Apparent Fin Erosion (#49-60)	Duwamish River Estuary Fin Erosion (#61-72)
	0.054	1.9	1.5
	0.032	1.8	1.8
	0.20	0.98	1.9
	0.027	1.0	0.98
	0.037	1.3	0.93
	N.D.	1.0	1.2
	0.16	1.1	2.3
	0.003	0.98	0.69
	0.021	1.1	3.1
	0.038	1.6	11
	N.D.	2.4	1.5
	N.D.	4.2	3.8
median	0.030	1.2	1.6
95% confidence limits	N.D. - 0.054	1.0 - 1.9	0.98 - 3.1
mean		1.6	2.6
standard deviation		0.93	2.8
coefficient of variation		58%	110%
range	N.D. - 0.20	0.98- 4.2	0.69 - 11

Table 15. Total DDT (mg/kg wet weight) in brain tissue of starry flounder (composites of 3 individuals) from Washington, March - April 1977.

	McCalister Creek	Duwamish River Estuary No Apparent Fin Disease	Duwamish River Estuary Fin Disease
	0.035	0.021	0.058
	0.015	0.025	0.028
	0.011	0.021	0.053
	0.003	0.059	0.10
median	0.013	0.023	0.056
mean	0.016	0.032	0.060
standard deviation	0.014	0.018	0.030
coefficient of variation	88%	56%	50%
range	0.003 - 0.035	0.021 - 0.059	0.028 - 0.10

Table 16. Total bbt (mg/kg wet weight) in muscle tissue of winter flounder from New York.

	Raritan Bay	Apex area
Great Bay (#73-84)	No Fin Apparent Erosion Fin Erosion (#85-96)	No Fin Apparent Erosion Fin Erosion (#109-120)
Median	<0.006	0.008
95% confidence limits	0.006-0.012	0.010-0.021
Mean	0.016	0.012
standard deviation	0.006	0.006
coefficient of variation	38%	50%
range	<0.003-0.035	0.004-0.016
	0.006-0.026	0.006-0.026
	0.003-0.021	0.003-0.014

Table 17. Total DDT (mg/kg wet weight) in the liver tissue of winter flounder from New York 1977.

Great Bay (#73-84)	Raritan Bay No Fin	No Apparent Erosion Fin	Apex area Erosion (#121-123)
Erosion (#85-96)	Erosion (#109-120)		
0.61	0.73	0.37	1.2
0.31	0.79	0.23	0.94
0.28	0.80	-	0.45
0.46	0.84	0.92	0.50
0.49	0.68	0.27	1.4
0.30	0.25	0.60	0.76
0.26	1.3	0.97	0.36
0.26	0.63	0.56	0.69
0.22	0.67	1.6	0.26
0.10	1.1	0.66	0.44
0.37	0.79	0.63	0.055
0.65	0.92	0.40	0.52

Median

95% confidence limits 0.26-0.49 0.67-0.92 0.37-0.97 0.36-0.94

Mean	0.36	0.79	0.66	0.63
standard deviation	0.16	0.26	0.39	0.39
coefficient of variation	44%	33%	59%	62%
range	0.10-0.65	0.25-1.3	0.23-1.6	0.055-1.4

Table 18. Total DDT (mg/kg wet weight) in brain tissue of winter flounder from New York, 1977.

	Raritan Bay		New York	
	No Fin	Erosion	No Fin	Erosion
Great Bay	Apparent Fin	Erosion	Apparent Fin	Erosion
Median	0.056	0.030	0.052	0.76
Mean	0.015	0.021	0.10	1.3
standard deviation	0.043	0.11	0.090	0.12
coefficient of variation	45%	77%	32%	105%
range	0.015-0.056	0.021-0.11	0.052-0.12	0.061-1.3

APPENDIX 5

Liver Characteristics

Table 1. Liver-somatic index (wet weight ratio x 100)
of Microstomus pacificus from Dana Point and
the Palos Verdes shelf, November 1976.

	Dana Point (#1-12)	Palos Verdes Apparently Healthy (#13-24)	Fin Erosion (#25-36)
	0.7	2.4	3.3
	0.8	1.3	2.7
	0.8	2.8	2.6
	0.6	1.9	2.5
	1.2	2.8	2.6
	0.8	1.5	2.5
	0.7	2.7	1.6
	1.0	3.0	2.4
	0.8	0.9	1.8
	0.8	1.9	3.0
	1.0	2.1	3.8
	0.6	2.4	2.9
median	0.8	2.2	2.6
95% confidence limits	0.7 - 1.0	1.5 - 2.8	2.4 - 3.0
mean	0.8	2.1	2.6
standard deviation	± 0.17	± 0.66	± 0.59
standard error	± 0.05	± 0.19	± 0.17
coefficient of variation	21%	31%	23%
range	0.6 - 1.2	0.9 - 3.0	1.6 - 3.8
standard length (mm)			
mean	182	177	178
standard deviation	6.6	9.2	7.2
coefficient of variation	3.6%	5.2%	4.1%
range	166 - 192	161 - 189	165 - 190

Table 2. Percent total lipid in the liver tissue of southern California Dover sole, November 1976.

	Dana Point (#1-12)	No Apparent Fin Erosion (#13-24)	Palos Verdes Shelf Fin Erosion (#25-36)
	16	35	38
	7.6	30	25
	11	31	22
	10	27	27
	7.5	33	40
	9.1	23	28
	6.2	28	19
	6.2	24	23
	7.5	8.8	29
	9.0	14	29
	12	32	24
	12	35	34
median	9.0	29	28
95% confidence limits	7.5 - 12	23 - 33	23 - 34
mean	9.5	27	28
standard deviation	2.9	8.2	6.4
coefficient of variation	31%	30%	23%
range	6.2 - 16	8.8 - 35	19 - 40

Table 3. Liver-somatic index (wet weight ratio x 100) of Platichthys stellatus from the McCalister Creek and the Duwamish River Estuary in Washington, March-April 1977.

McCalister Creek (#37-48)	Apparently Healthy (#49-60)	Duwamish R. E. Fin Disease (#61-72)
1.5	2.9	3.6
1.9	3.6	2.2
1.5	2.3	2.8
1.6	4.1	2.4
1.4	2.8	2.8
1.4	3.1	2.1
1.9	2.3	3.5
1.7	3.5	2.7
1.5	3.9	3.9
1.3	2.9	3.3
1.3	2.6	2.5
1.8	3.4	2.1
median	1.5	3.0
95% confidence limits	1.4 - 1.8	2.6 - 3.6
mean	1.6	3.1
standard deviation	0.21	0.59
coefficient of variation	13%	19%
range	1.3 - 1.9	2.3 - 4.1
		2.1 - 3.9

Table 4. Percent total lipid in the liver tissue of
starry flounder from Washington, March - April 1977

	McCalister Creek (#37-48)	Duwamish River Estuary No Apparent Fin Erosion (#49-60)	Duwamish River Estuary Fin Erosion (#61-72)
	4.1	23	32
	7.6	33	17
	6.1	24	18
	4.4	47	21
	3.5	26	34
	3.2	44	18
	6.0	19	14
	6.6	44	28
	4.8	20	29
	3.7	27	26
	4.6	16	30
	4.4	42	12
median	4.5	26	24
95% confidence limits	3.7 - 6.1	20 - 44	17 - 30
mean	4.9	30	23
standard deviation	1.4	11	7.5
coefficient of variation	29%	37%	33%
range	3.2 - 7.6	16 - 47	12 - 34

Table 5. Ratios of freeze-dried weight to wet weight of liver tissue from starry flounder from Washington, 1977.

	McCalister Creek (#37-48)	Duwamish River Estuary No Apparent Fin Erosion (#49-60)	Fin Erosion (#61-72)
	0.18	0.30	0.41
	0.22	0.41	0.28
	0.21	0.32	0.29
	0.19	0.47	0.33
	0.16	0.20	0.25
	0.18	0.40	0.16
	0.20	0.31	0.23
	0.19	0.49	0.34
	0.20	0.29	0.34
	0.19	0.32	0.34
	0.22	0.26	0.33
	0.20	0.44	-
median	0.20	0.32	0.33
95% confidence limits	0.18-0.21	0.29-0.44	0.23-0.34
mean	0.20	0.35	0.30
standard deviation	0.017	0.090	0.068
coefficient of variation	8.5%	26%	23%
range	0.16-0.22	0.20-0.49	0.16-0.41

Table 6. Liver-somatic index in winter flounder from New York, 1977.

	Sandy Hook/Raritan Bay	No Fin	No Fin	Apex dump area
	Apparent	Damaged	Apparent	Damage
	Fin	(Jun 77) (#97-108)	Fin	(Oct 77) (#121-23)
Great Bay (Mar 77) (#73-84)				
Damage (Jun 77) (#85-96)				
1.6	1.7	1.7	2.7	2.6
3.0	2.7	2.2	2.6	1.6
3.4	3.0	-	1.9	1.5
2.8	2.2	2.4	2.0	
2.5	2.3	2.0	2.7	
2.0	3.2	1.7	2.2	
1.9	2.7	3.1	1.9	
1.4	2.2	2.8	2.2	
2.0	2.2	-	2.2	
1.2	2.5	2.6	1.6	
3.1	3.0	1.8	2.3	
3.6	3.3	1.8	1.3	
median	2.2	2.6	2.1	2.2
95% confidence limits	1.6-3.1	2.2-3.0	1.7-2.8	1.9-2.6
mean	2.4	2.6	2.2	2.1
standard deviation	0.80	0.48	0.50	0.43
coefficient of variation	33%	18%	23%	20%
range	1.2-3.6	1.7-3.3	1.7-3.1	1.3-2.7
N	12	12	10	12

Table 7. Percent lipid in the liver tissue of winter flounder from 1977.

	New York		
	Sandy Hook/Raritan Bay	No Fin	Apex dump area Fin
Great Bay (Mar 77) (#73-84)	Apparent Damage (Jun 77) (#97-108)	Apparent Fin	Damage (Oct 77) (#121-23)
Damaged (Jun 77) (#85-96)	Damaged (Oct. 77) (#109-120)		
6.3	17	6.0	20
17	19	7.4	9.1
13	24	-	7.2
17	21	11	7.5
14	18	6.8	30
10	7.1	9.2	12
8.1	24	29	18
6.7	23	17	20
9.1	25	15	14
6.0	27	19	17
15	20	7.6	29
19	23	7.7	14
median	12	9.2	18
95% confidence limits	6.3-17	10-24	6.8-19
mean	12	12	12
standard deviation	4.6	5.2	6.9
coefficient of variation	38%	59%	58%
range	6.0-19	7.1-27	6.0-29
			130
			7.2-20

table 8. Ratios of freeze-dried weight to wet weight of liver tissue from winter flounder from New York, 1977.

	Great Bay (#73-84)	Raritan Bay No Fin (#97-108)	No Fin Apparent Erosion (#85-96)	Apex area Fin Apparent Erosion (#121-123)
mean	0.28	0.34	0.28	0.32
standard deviation	0.041	0.042	0.042	0.050
coefficient of variation	15%	13%	14%	15%
range	0.22-0.34	0.22-0.37	0.23-0.38	0.26-0.40
median	0.28	0.34	0.28	0.27
95% confidence limits	0.24-0.32	0.30-0.36	0.25-0.32	0.30-0.39