

Program Effectiveness

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ESJ Surface Water Quality Monitoring Program Review August 24, 2020



Panel Request

- Core \rightarrow Represented \rightarrow Management Plan development
- 4 case studies
- How did these play out in practice?
- What are the documented water quality improvements?
- Process for incorporating lessons learned
- Effects of results on behavior of other growers outside of management plan watersheds



Panel Request

4 case studies

- 1. Chlorpyrifos
- 2. Sediment toxicity
- 3. Special Study Dissolved Oxygen (Dr. Johnson's Presentation)
- 4. Special Study Copper (Dr. Johnson's Presentation)



Management Plan Development

- More than 1 exceedance of a water quality trigger limit (WQTL) in a three-year period requires a management plan UNLESS...
 - Single exceedance of a TMDL constituent
- 3 Management Plan submittals
 - 2007 Individual site subwatershed management plans
 - 2008 Management Plan (two parts Coalition wide and site subwatershed)
 - 2014 Comprehensive Surface Water Quality Management Plan



Management Plan Development



Comprehensive Surface Water Quality Management Plan - Outline

Revised Surface Water Quality Management Plan East San Joaquin May 1, 2014 Irrigated Lands Regulatory Program Central Valley Regional Water Quality Control Board

- Constituents Requiring Management Plans
- WQTLs and Objectives
- Site Subwatersheds
- Physical Setting and Geographical Characteristics
- Constituents of Concern, Transport of Constituents, Source Identification
- Existing Practices and Surface Water Quality Data
- Management Plan Strategy: Monitor, Outreach/Education, Implementation of practices, Evaluate effectiveness
- Compliance schedule for each site subwatershed / constituent combination
- Source Identification Studies (e.g. Copper, Dissolved Oxygen)



Management Plan Strategy → Focused Outreach

- Compliance schedule as soon a practicable, not to exceed 10 yrs (per 2012 Order)
- Prioritize subwatershed / constituent based on compliance schedule and type of constituent (e.g. applied by agriculture)
- 1. Determine Source of Exceedance
 - PUR data to identify timing of application and location
 - Identify growers most likely to contribute to exceedance (proximity to waterway and past applications)
- 2. Education and Outreach
 - Notification of exceedances, education regarding management practices
 - Tracking of management practices
- 3. Evaluation of Effectiveness of Practices
 - Water quality monitoring during times of past exceedances and highest use



Management Plan Chain of Event

- Management plan triggered
- Focused Outreach timeline determined
- Implement Focused Outreach (2 years)
- Implement Management Plan Monitoring (3 years)
- Petition for management plan completion (3+ years)



Management Plan Completion Request



REPORTING TO



ESJWQC 2019 WY Monitoring Sites Zone Boundaries & Urban Land Influence

ESJWQC Coundinate System: NAD 1983 StatePlane California III FIP5 0403 Feet

Continue system: Unio 2006 diseases continue in the origine Hypicolito, property La mater Contrama (Continue in the origine Units: Foot US Service Layer Credits: Shaded Relief: Copyright(c) 2014 Esri Hydrology - NHD hydrolata, 124,000 scale, http://induisgs.gov/ Reads.highways, railrovds - USR



Case Study: Zone 5

- Duck Slough @ Gurr Rd
- Deadman Creek Gurr Rd
- Deadman Creek Hwy 59
- Miles Creek @ Reilly Rd









Zone 5 Management Plans

Duck Slough @ Gurr Rd-bolded text indicates completed management plan

Year Monitoring Initiated	Constituent	Management Plan Initiated	Focused Outreach	Management Plan Completed	Management Plan Re- Initiated	2 nd Focused Outreach	Last Exceedance	Management Plan Completed
2004	Chlorpyrifos	2007	2010-2012	2012	2015	2016- 2018	2015	2019
2004	Malathion	2016	2016-2018	2019	NA	NA	2015	NA
2004	Copper	2007	2010-2012	2015	NA	NA	2009	NA
2004	Sediment toxicity	2007	2010-2012	2018	NA	NA	2013	NA
2004	C. dubia toxicity	2007	2010-2012	2019	NA	NA	2015	NA
2004	<i>S. capricornutum</i> toxicity	2007	2010-2012	2012	NA	NA	2008	NA
2004	P. promelas toxicity	2014	2010-2012	2018	NA	NA	2014	NA



*includes exceedances at upstream location, Duck Slough @ Hwy 99

Case Study: Duck Slough Subwatershed

Chlorpyrifos

Sediment toxicity







Exceedances of the WQTL

• Duck Slough Subwatershed: Chlorpyrifos

ENVIRONMENTAL



Exceedances





Focused Outreach: Duck Slough

Subwatershed	Irrigated Acreage	Total Targeted Members	Follow Up Surveys
Duck Slough @ Hwy 99	4,016	24	22
Duck Slough @ Gurr Rd	2,656	6	6



Exceedances of WQTLs



Management Practice Recommendations

CATEGORY	RECOMMENDED MANAGEMENT PRACTICE					
	Install and/or improve berms between field & waterway					
	Install device to control timing of pump/drain into waterway					
Irrigation Water	Install drainage basins (sediment ponds)					
Management/	Laser leveling fields					
Storm Drainage	Recirculation - tailwater return system					
	Install settling pond					
	Use of polyacrylamide (PAM)					
	Grass row centers (orchards, vineyards)					
Erosion and	Constructing wetlands					
Sediment	Maintaining vegetated filter strips around field perimeter at least 10' wide					
Management	Vegetation is planted along or allowed to grow along ditches					
	Adjusting spray nozzles to match canopy profile					
	Using electronically controlled spray nozzles					
D 111	Using nozzles that provide largest effective droplet size					
Pest Management/	Shutting off outside nozzles when spraying outer rows next to sensitive sites					
Management	Spraying areas close to waterbodies when the wind is blowing away					
Management	Use air blast applications when wind is between 3-10 mph and upwind of a sensitive sid					
	Checking weather conditions prior to spraying (e.g. storm status)					
	Maintaining setback zones					





Exceedances



Total Acreage Prior to Outreach

Additional Acreage Implemented



ENVIRONMENTAL

Water Quality Improvements – **Sediment Toxicity**

Sediment	Year	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec	
nonitoring in	2004													
norma and fall	2005													
	2006													
	2007													
	2008													
	2010													
	2011													
	2013													
014 WY- 2015 WY	2014													
Core site	2015													
monitoring	2016													
	2017													
	2018													
Core site	2019													
monitoring		Moni	tored, r	าด										
		exceedances										۱ ۸ <i>۸</i> .		
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Management Plan Completion

1. Demonstration of water quality improvements (no exceedances)

Exceedances of WOTLs

Management Plan triggered

> Focused Outreach

Management

practices

Management Plan Monitoring

> Improved water qualit

<u>Management</u>

- 2. Demonstration that management practices implemented by member are effective
- 3. Documentation of management practices implemented
- 4. Documentation of education and outreach





Zone 5 Monitoring Locations

Coordinate System: NAD 1983 StatePlane California III FIPS 0403 Feet Projection: property-Lambert Conformal Conic Units: Foot US Service Layer Credits: Shaded Relef: Copyright(c) 2014 Esri Hydrology: NHD hydrodata, 124,000 scale, http://nhd.usgs.gov/ Roads, highways, railroads - ESRI



2014 Core Site Monitoring









Management Plan Monitoring – An Iterative Approach

- Management Plan Monitoring
 - Assessed annually
 - Months of past exceedances
 - Evaluation of pesticide use



Management Plan Monitoring – An Iterative Approach

- Monitoring Plan Update
 - Submitted August 1 annually
 - Evaluation of last years water quality results
 - Evaluation of Pesticide Use Reports
- Determine months to monitor based on likelihood that the constituent applied is causing water quality impairments
- If water quality continues to be a problem, assess the identification of growers





Duck Slough @ Gurr Rd - Chlorpyrifos

- Monitoring resulted in additional water quality exceedances
 - March 3, 2014
 - July 14, 2015 (last exceedance)
- Second round of focused outreach and education: 2016 -2018
 - 8 growers; only 2 were previously contacted
 - Most practices implemented focus on spray drift management
- Management plan monitoring: 2016 2018
- Management plan completion: 2019



Changes in Growers' Behaviors



Years Monitored







