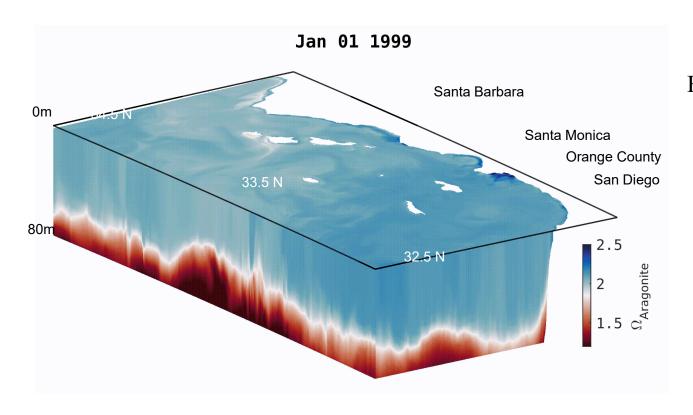


STATE OF SCIENCE: CRITICAL OA THRESHOLDS FOR SENSITIVE CALCIFIERS ALONG THE CALIFORNIA COAST

Commission meeting March 5th 2021

ROMS-BEC Model is Capable of Mechanistic, 3D, High Resolution Representation of OA in combination with other stressors

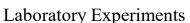


How does this translate to biological effects?



We've Been Developing Science to Assess Biological Effects to Ocean Acidification

Threshold and Index Development





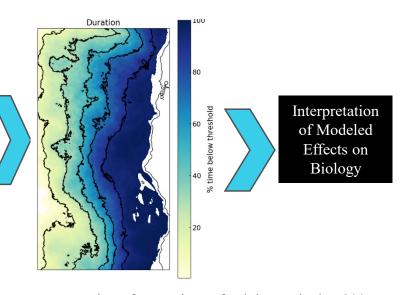
Field Observations



Data Synthesis & Expert Consensus



Application to Model Output



Duration of excursions of Adult Survival at 200 m depth, June to February ($\Omega = 0.95$, 14 days)

Outcome of OA Threshold Development

- Data collection and literature review
 - 135 studies with 40k datapoints
- Expert review, consensus on thresholds
 - 21 international experts
 - 35 thresholds, multiple pathways of impact, different life stages and habitats
- Uncertainty assessment
 - Using IPCC approach* to assign the confidence score to each thresholds

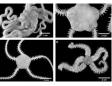
Pteropods: Pelagic (<u>0-500m</u>) zooplankton







Echinoderms: Shallow to deep pelagic and epibenthic





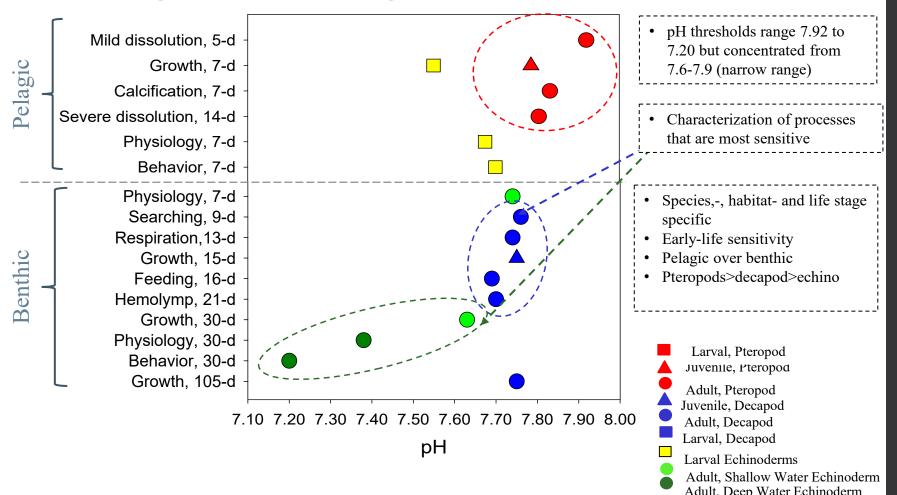
Decapods: Shallow to deep pelagic and epibenthic



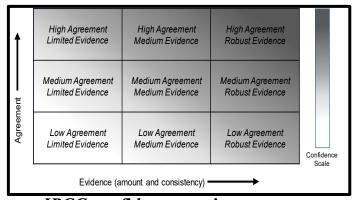


^{*} Mastrandrea et al., 2010- IPCC methodology reference

Synthesis of the Synthesis: OA Thresholds



Expert Confidence Rating Should Be A Factor In Choosing Threshold



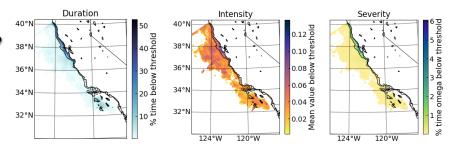
- Range of different confidence scores
- Mostly in the medium range (medium agreement with medium- to robust- evidence)
- Lower certainty thresholds

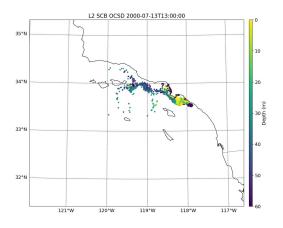


Factors that increase uncertainty related to threshold interpretation

- What temporal/spatial extent of effect would trigger a management response?
- Larvae and pteropods don't stay stationary in water column
 - How does this mobility affect exposure history?

- OA in combination with temperature, oxygen can further limit suitable habitat
 - How do we account for effects of variable exposure and multiple stressors in the coastal habitats?





Variability and Multiple Stressors Matter

- When it comes to interpreting biological effects due to *variable* OA conditions and *multiple stressors*, we are still at the beginning.
- This is especially pertinent in the coastal regions with the uncertainty related to time-averaging, non-linear response, etc.
- Using IPCC scoring, we assess that predicting biological responses under multiple and variable exposure is scored with 'low confidence'

Approaches for improved understanding of variable and multiples stressors

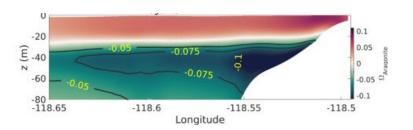
• State-of-the-art experimental set-up



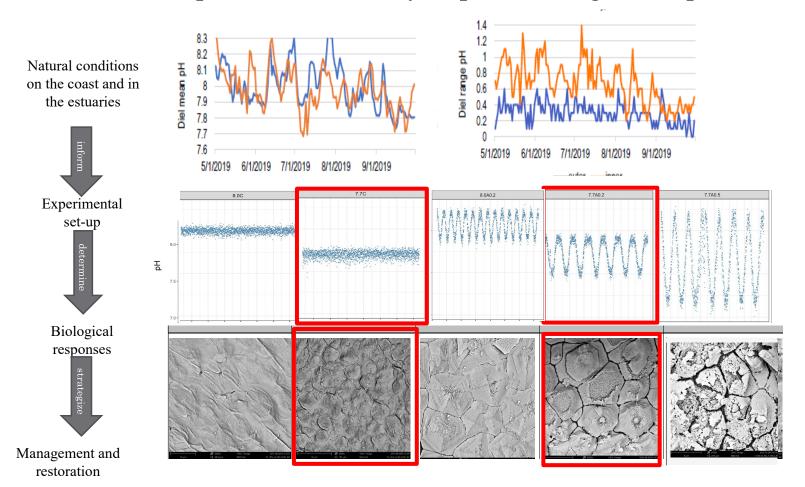


Field observations and Modelling



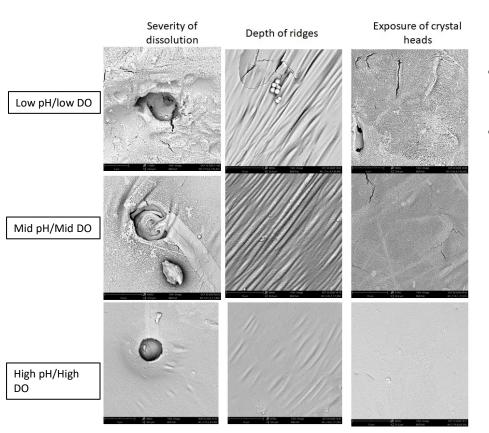


Variable exposure additionally impacts biological responses



Multiple stressors

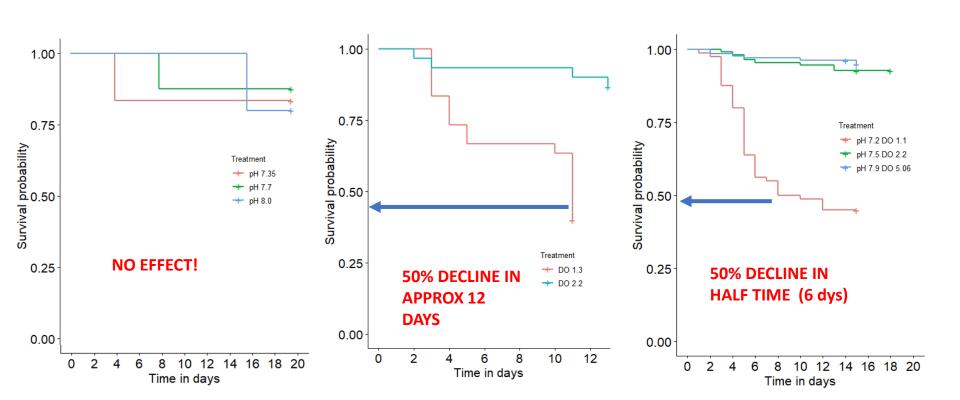
Biological effects under low DO and low pH



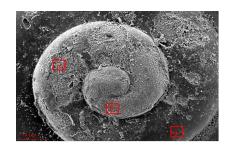
- Exoskeleton dissolution in juvenile Dungeness crabs
- Multiple stressor: pH and DO (interact in their habitats)

More severe dissolution with low DO/low pH compared to OA exposure only

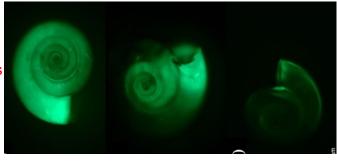
Survival of Dungeness juveniles under single vs. multiple stressors



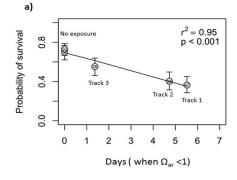
Field results support thresholds



Shell dissolution Field data: Ω_{ar} =1.3 for 7 days Threshold=1.2 for 2 weeks



Reduced calcification
Field data: Ω_{ar} of 0.9-1 for 14 days
Threshold: 1.2 for 7 days



<u>Increased mortality</u>:

Field data: Ω_{ar} of 0.9 for 30 days

Threshold: 0.95 for 2 weeks

Take Home Messages

- We've made great strides in developing thresholds for static conditions
 - Univariate thresholds for acidification for 3 marine calcifying taxa, representing multiple habitats.

More work for a more accurate understanding of biological impacts under variable OA conditions and under the multiple stressor exposure

- Integrated science approach need to understand and comprehensively interpret these effects.
- Combination of field results, extensive monitoring, meta-analyses and synthesis work, further experiments and modelling...